Diesel engines on the pathway to low impact on local air quality in Europe

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Association for Emissions Control by Catalyst (AECC AISBL)

AECC members: European Emissions Control companies











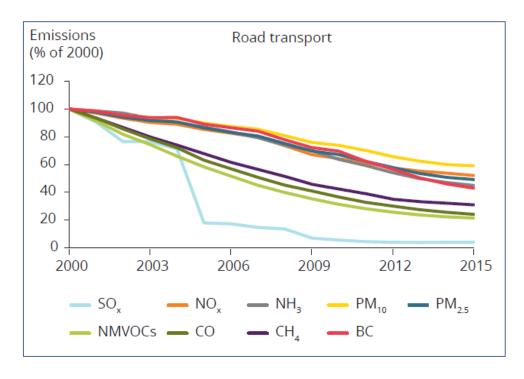


Exhaust emissions control technologies for original equipment, retrofit and aftermarket for all new cars, commercial vehicles, motorcycles, and non-road mobile machinery

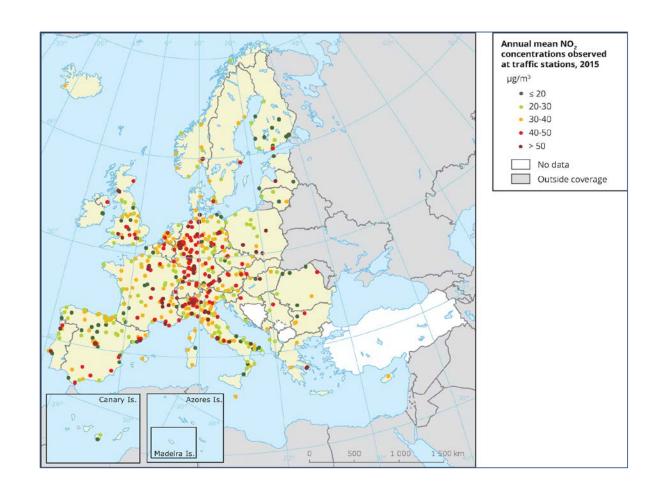


EU Air Quality has improved over the years

But further efforts are needed



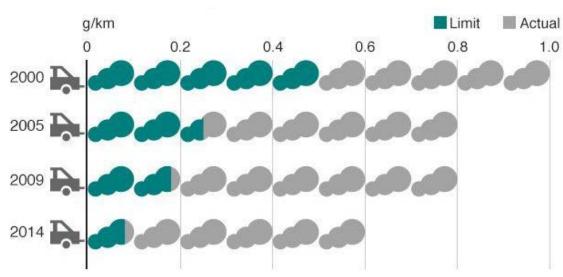
Source: European Environment Agency (EEA)



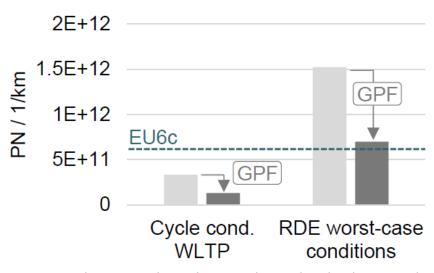


EU RDE legislation introduced as of 1/9/2017

Aims to close the emissions gap between lab and real-world



Source: average on-road diesel NOx emissions, the ICCT



Source: Gasoline Particulate Filters Market and Technology Trends and their Impact on Calibration, FEV, SIA powertrain 2017



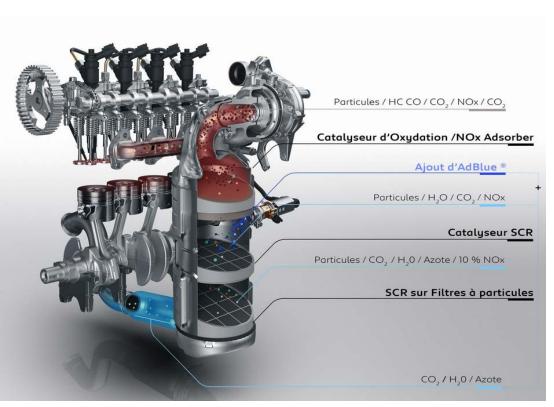
Content

- Evolution in diesel emissions control technologies
- Low NOx emission diesel cars: a reality
- Air quality modelling



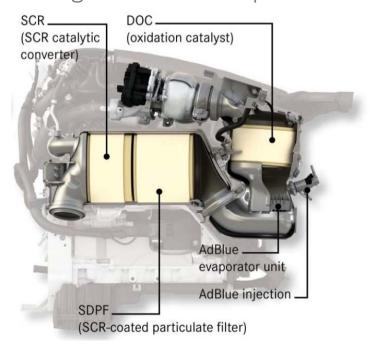
Light-duty diesel emissions control technology evolution

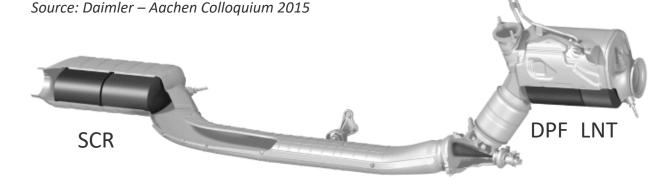
Towards combination of technologies in a compact design for RDE compliance



Source: Peugeot – 308 press release 2017



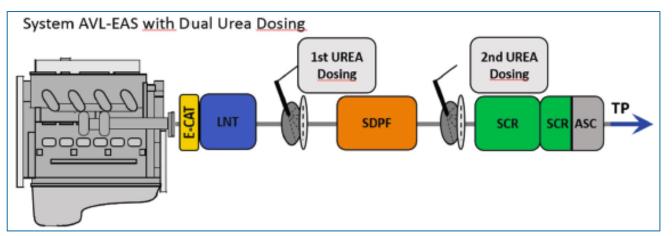




Light-duty diesel emissions control technology evolution

Potential for future improvements to cover a wide range of driving conditions

- SCR in different locations to cover urban and motorway driving
- Dual urea injection to provide more flexible dosing
- Optimising thermal management for urban driving

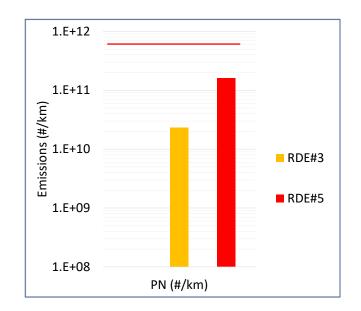


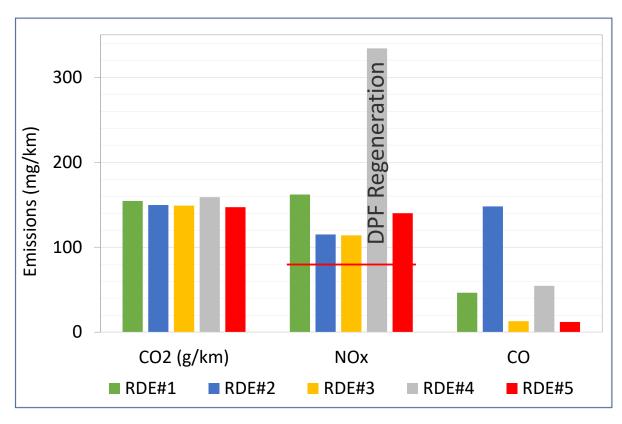
Source: AVL – Highly Efficient Exhaust Gas Aftertreatment for Future Diesel Applications – 10th International Exhaust Gas and Particulate Emissions Forum February 2018



AECC RDE test programmes demonstrated low emissions

- 2014: demonstrator with SCR on DPF
- 2015: series vehicle with SCR on DPF
- Results
 - NOx towards Euro 6d NTE (120 mg/km)
 - PN with DPF below 6x10¹¹/km





2015 AECC series vehicle results: PN & NOx emissions on RDE total



Bosch demonstrated urban RDE NOx below 80 mg/km

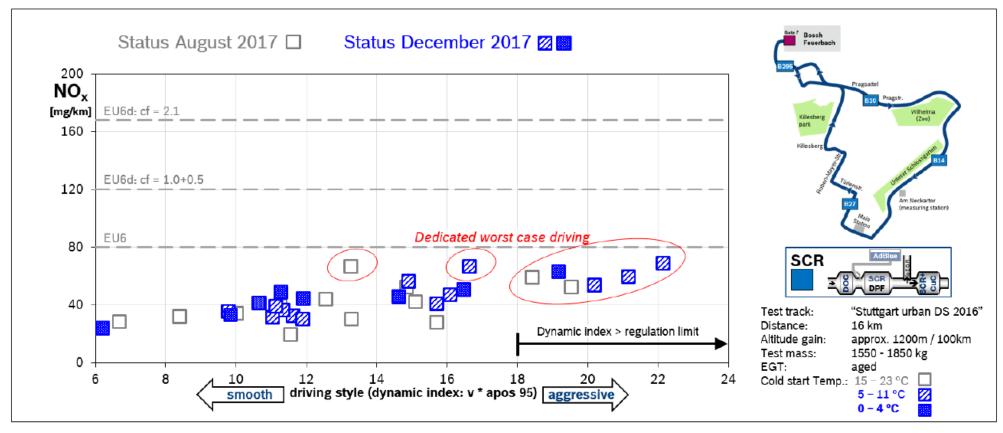


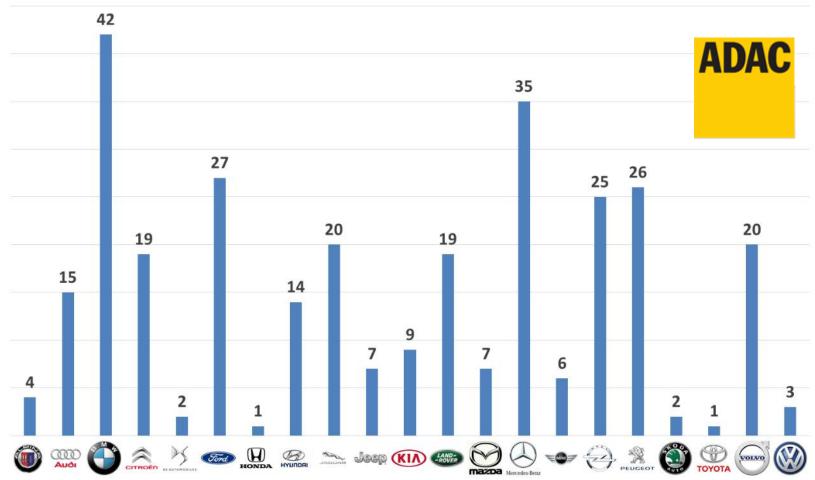
Figure 9: On-road measurements "Stuttgart - urban"

Source: Kufferath (Bosch), the path to a negligible NO₂ immission contribution from the diesel powertrain, Vienna Motor Symposium, April 2018



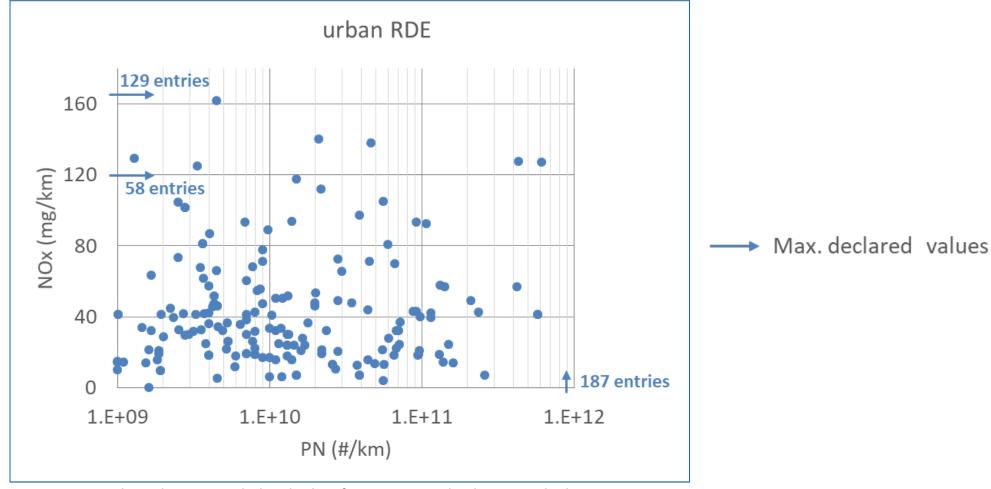
RDE-compliant diesels are now available on the market

- List at www.adac.de/infotestrat/umwelt-und-innovation/abgas/modelle mit euro 6d temp/default.aspx
- 304 diesel models (on 28.08.18)





Emissions of Euro 6d-Temp diesels well within standards



Source: PEMS results and maximum declared values from ACEA RDE database consulted on 28 August 2018



Content

- Evolution in diesel emissions control technologies
- **▶** Low NOx emission diesel cars: a reality
- Air quality modelling



Air quality modelling study done by IIASA up to 2040

Impact of Euro 6d/RDE legislation investigated for AECC

- Scenario = impact assessment of the EU's Thematic Strategy on Air Pollution
 - PRIMES, including Euro 6d
 - Extended for developments up to 2040
- Assumptions
 - Emissions factors = RDE Conformity Factors
 - ◆ Fleet turnover from COPERT model
 - NOx control tampering issues not included (e.g. AdBlue® emulator): effects?

Average NOx emissions and share of primary NO₂ for diesel passenger cars

	average NOx emission rate in	share of
	on-road driving [mg/km]	primary NO ₂
Euro 4 and older	~600	range: 7% to 49%
Euro 5 – until 09/15	~750	37%
Euro 6b – 09/15-08/19	~350 (CF:4.4)	32%
Euro 6dTEMP – 09/19-12/20	linear combination of Euro 6b and Euro 6d	
Euro 6d – from 01/21	~120 (CF:1.5)	32%

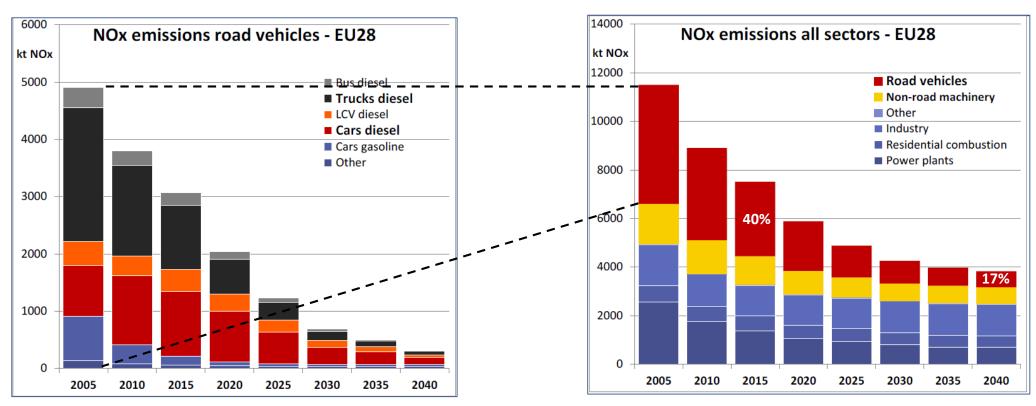


Euro 6d benefit to EU NOx emissions inventory

Road vehicles contribution

2015: 40%

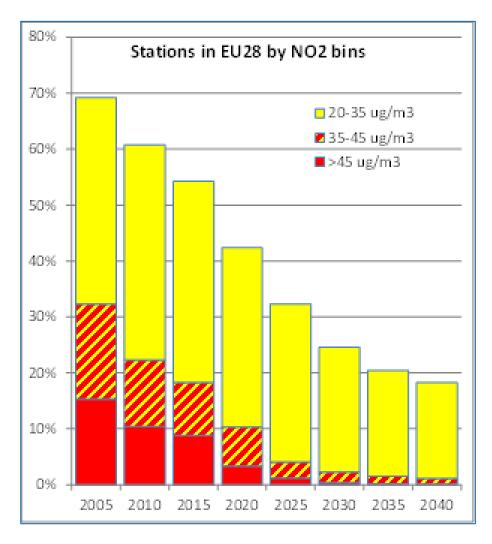
2040: 17% (provided Euro 6d Emissions Factors = Conformity Factors)





Euro 6d benefit to NO₂ monitoring stations exceedances

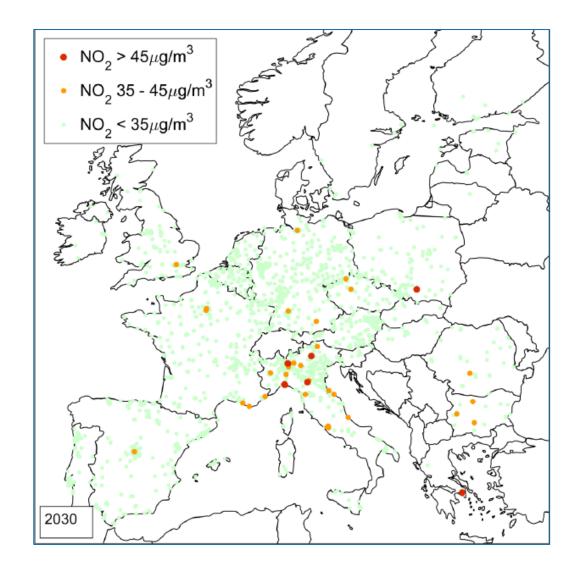
- ♦ WHO Global Air Quality Guideline for annual NO₂ concentration
 - Current guideline: 40 μg/m³
 - On-going review may lower the guideline value
- NO₂ exceedance classes modelled
 - Severe: >45 μg/m³
 - Problematic: 35-45 μg/m³
 - Potentially: 20-35 μg/m³
- Strong decline of number of NO₂ stations >35 μg/m³





Remaining NO₂ monitoring stations exceedances in 2030

- Cities (e.g. Athens, London, Paris, Madrid, Hamburg, Munich, Stuttgart)
- Areas with high industrial activity and bad air exchange (e.g. Northern Italy, Southern Poland, areas in Bulgaria and Romania)

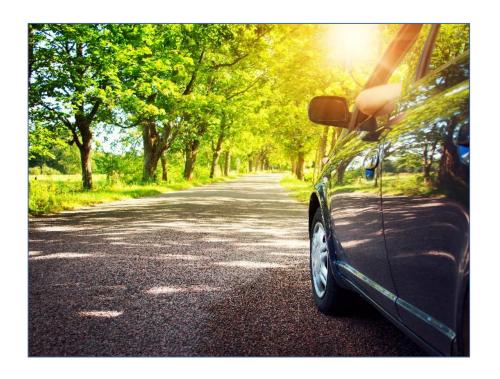




Conclusions

- ◆ A new era for vehicle emissions control started in September 2017 with introduction of RDE and WLTP.
- On-road emissions performance of RDE-compliant diesel vehicles are well within standards.
- Air quality simulation demonstrates that modern diesel engines are on the pathway to have a low impact.

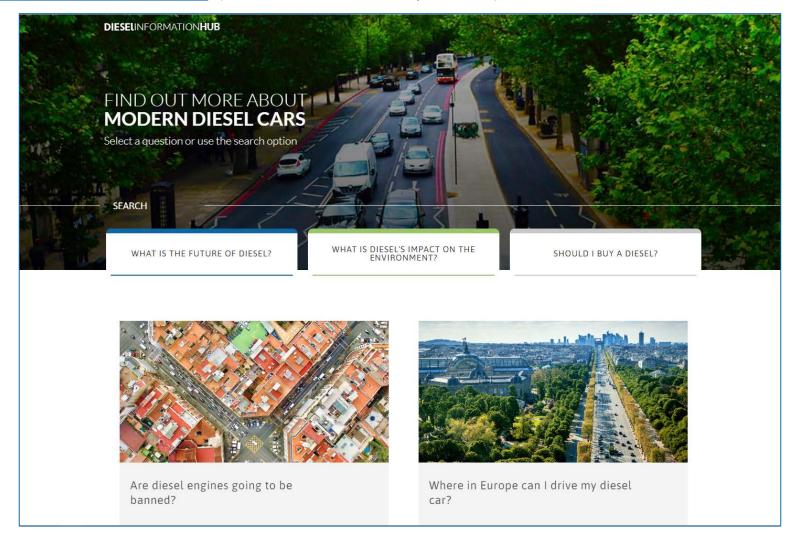
 Contribution projected to be similar to other sources.
- Efforts will nevertheless continue to further reduce the impact of all sources.





Diesel Information Hub

https://dieselinformation.aecc.eu (launched 15 May 2018)





THANK YOU!

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AECC (Association for Emissions Control by Catalyst)



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