Zero-impact emissions from a gasoline car with advanced emission controls and e-fuels

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Euro 6d significantly reduced impact on air quality



Source: PSA



Emission legislation evolution expected towards Euro 7

- S Further contribute to air quality improvement with advanced emission control systems
 - New WHO guidelines, published in September 2021
 - ♦ The EU Ambient Air Quality Directive is being reviewed
- ♦ Key elements from the Euro 7 proposal for light-duty vehicles
 - Fuel-neutral pollutant emission limits at lowest Euro 6 level
 - \odot Introduction of limit for NH₃
 - € Cold-start budget for trips < 10 km
 - Extension of RDE test conditions
 - Any trip composition
 - New parameter for driving dynamics in first 2 kms after an initial cold-start
 - Extension of durability requirements
- Adoption of Euro 7 expected within Q1 of 2024





Reduction of ICE CO₂ emissions to mitigate climate change

- Increase in efficiency and level of electrification for new vehicles
- S Wider usage of sustainable renewable fuels to reduce Well-to-Wheel and lifecycle emissions
 - Immediate reductions for the existing fleet in addition to new vehicles
 - Production is a reality, further investments depending on the policy framework
 - Proposal is expected from EU Commission for vehicles running exclusively on CO₂-neutral fuels

^{03.05.2021 | Image | #Powertrain systems} Source: Bosch (2021) Blue Gasoline with 20 percent lower CO₂ emissions



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Synthetic diesel and gasoline

Source: Aramco (2021)





Haru Oni pilot plant: wind power to e-fuel

Source: Siemens Energy (2020)





LD gasoline demonstrator concept

Base vehicle

- C-segment
- 1.5l engine with 4 cylinders
- ♦ Variable valve train and cylinder deactivation
- 48V mild-hybrid (belt-driven, PO configuration)
 Euro 6d

Instrumentation

- Chassis dyno: 3x standard sampling points, 2x FTIR and tailpipe PN10
- Road: prototype PEMS to measure CO₂, NOx, CO, THC, PN10, NH₃ and N₂O









LD gasoline demonstrator concept

- Euro 6d baseline: cc cGPF + uf TWC
- AECC emission control system
 - ♦ Phase 1: cc TWC, uf cGPF+TWC+ASC
 - ♦ Phase 2: cc EHC|TWC, uf cGPF+TWC+ASC
 - Bench aged components targeting 160k km





J. Demuynck, et al.; "<u>Ultra-low Emissions of a 48V Mild-Hybrid Gasoline Vehicle with Advanced Emission Control Technologies</u>", 15th International Conference on Engines and Vehicles, 2021 J. Demuynck, et al.; "<u>Zero-Impact Emissions from a Gasoline Car with Advanced Emission Controls and E-Fuels</u>" 43rd International Vienna Motor Symposium, 2022



Implementation of electrically heated catalyst (EHC)

- Reduce the remaining initial cold-start emissions
- Operation strategy
 - Pre-heating in combination with post-heating
 - 60s pre-heating as outlook to advanced hybrids
 - Secondary air in exhaust manifold to enhance heat transfer within catalyst during pre-heating phase
- There is further potential due to certain constraints within this project, for example
 Flow distribution not uniform, 90° bend at inlet
 - The part was not insulated





Testing focused on initial cold-start emissions

RDE aggressive test is conducted on the chassis dyno

- ♦ At Euro 6 RDE boundary for vxa_{pos}
- 3s of idling between key-on and drive-off
- ♦ First acceleration immediately to 60 km/h
- ♦ At ambient temperature of 23 °C and -10 °C
- ♦ Maximum average wheel power during first 2 kilometers after the initial cold-start is ~15%





Gaseous emissions are mainly from initial cold-start

The highest cold-start NOx peak measured is below the proposed Euro 7 emission budget limit
 Near-zero emissions under warm operation





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Note: RDE aggressive test results, 1.6 divider applied to data at -10 °C



Gaseous emissions are mainly from initial cold-start

 \triangleright Tests are significantly below the proposed Euro 7 limits for THC, CO and NH₃





Particulate emissions are mainly from initial cold-start

- Most data is measured with aged GPF
 - ♦ Ash and soot accumulation supports filtration efficiency
 - ♦ Test with ccEHC at -10 °C repeated with fresh GPF
- ♦ All PN10 data remains below the proposed Euro 7 limit



Note: RDE aggressive test results, 1.6 divider applied to data at -10 °C; the fresh GPF test is not a valid test according to the Euro 7 proposal





LD gasoline demonstrator with sustainable renewable fuels

♦ Ultra-low pollutant emissions confirmed on Blue Gasoline and 2 e-gasoline samples



 $0.0 \cdot 10^{0}$ Distance [km] Distance [km]

J. Demuynck, et al.; "Zero-Impact Emissions from a Gasoline Car with Advanced Emission Controls and E-Fuels" 43rd International Vienna Motor Symposium, 2022 J. Demuynck, et al.; "Advanced Emission Controls and E-fuels on a Gasoline Car for Zero-Impact Emissions", SAE paper 2022-01-1014, 2022



Cumulated NOx [mg]

LD gasoline demonstrator with sustainable renewable fuels

- Solution State State
- \bullet E-gasoline has the potential to nearly eliminate WtW CO₂ emissions



J. Demuynck, et al.; "Zero-Impact Emissions from a Gasoline Car with Advanced Emission Controls and E-Fuels" 43rd International Vienna Motor Symposium, 2022 J. Demuynck, et al.; "Advanced Emission Controls and E-fuels on a Gasoline Car for Zero-Impact Emissions", SAE paper 2022-01-1014, 2022



Summary

Advanced emission control system was integrated in a 48 V mild-hybrid gasoline demonstrator vehicle

- ♦ Close-coupled TWC substrate with high cell density
- ♦ Active thermal management with EHC
- Ammonia Slip Catalyst in addition to improved lambda control
- > Towards zero-impact emission level
 - Significant reduction of initial cold-start peak compared to already low Euro 6d level
 - Near-zero emissions after initial cold-start peak

Sustainable renewable fuels to nearly eliminate WtW CO_2 emissions







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M Johnson Matthey Inspiring science, enhancing life



External project partners





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THANK YOU !



AECC (Association for Emissions Control by Catalyst)

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